Galway: GAPP - Galway Antimicrobial Prescribing Policy / Guidelines (GAPP): Hospital Acquired Pneumonia

Hospital Acquired Pneumonia

- 1. Pneumonia should be treated as hospital acquired if onset from 5 days after hospital admission or within 14 days of discharge.
- 2. Nursing home patients presenting for admission to hospital with pneumonia should be treated as CAP and NOT automatically treated with piperacillin/tazobactam unless history of antibiotic resistant organisms or within 14 days of discharge from hospital.
- 3. The regimens below may NOT cover Multi-drug Resistant Organisms (MDRO) in all cases. See note on MDRO.
- 4. Intensive care and immunosuppressed patients should be discussed with Microbiology or Infectious Diseases.

Empiric Antibiotics for Hospital Acquired Pneu	Empiric Antibiotics for Hospital Acquired Pneumonia							
Infection	1 st Line Antibiotics	Penicillin allergy:	Penicillin allergy:	Comment				
		delayed onset	immediate or severe					
		non-severe reaction	delayed reaction					
		See penicillin hypersen further information	siuvity section for					
The regimens below may NOT cover Multi-drug R	esistant Organisms (MDRC							
Hospit al Acquired Pneumonia	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Duration				
				Daration				
Contact Micro/ ID for treatment of Pseudomona	Piperacillin/tazobactam IV	CefTRIAXone IV 2g q24h		7 days				
infection	4.5g every 6 hours	NB. If history of	dose per GAPP App	May need to be extended				
	l * '	Pseudomonas	calculator. See footnote*	according to clinical				
		colonisation/infection,	re monitoring.	udgement e.g. if				
		discuss alternative	+	Legionella pneumophila,				
		treatment with Micro/ID.	Ciprofloyagin** IV/ 400mg	Staphylococcus aureus				
		Add Gentamicin IV IF	Ciprofloxacin** IV 400mg every 12 hours	Di Giam-negative baciiii				
		sepsis	every 12 flours	suspected or confirmed				
			Add Gentamicin IV IF					
		Give one dose per GAPP	sepsis .					
		App calculator. See	Give one dose per GAPP					
			App calculator. See					
		and monitoring.	footnote* re further doses					
			and monitoring.					
			Di					
			Discuss treatment at 48 hours with Micro/ID					
	Severe (ICU	Severe (ICU assessmen						
	assessment required)							
		Vancomycin IV infusion,						
	Piperacillin/tazobactam	calculator. See footnote*	re monitoring.					
	IV	+						
	4.5g every 6 hours							
		Ciprofloxacin** IV						
	 	400mg every 12 hours						
	Vancomycin IV infusion,							
	dose per GAPP App	Add Gentamicin IV IF se	<u>osis</u> .					
	calculator. See footnote*	Give one dose per GAPP	App calculator. See					
	re review and monitoring.	footnote* re further doses	and monitoring.					
	Review at 24 - 48 hours							
	and stop if MRSA not detected from clinical							
	samples or MRSA screen							
	l '							
	Add Gentamicin IV IF							
	sepsis .							
	Give one dose per GAPP							
	App calculator. See							
	footnote* re further doses	:						
	and monitoring							
	ng Gentamicin and Vancon		=	=				
C onsultant/Specialist Monitoring section.	Registrar recommended. I	For advice on monitoring s	see Aminoglycoside & Var	ncomycin Dosing &				
**Switch from IV to oral 0	Ciprofloxacin (500mg PO e	very 12 hours) as soon as	s possible.					

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	in Infect Dis 2016;63:e61-111		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	The state of the s			

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