# Louth: Antimicrobial Guidelines - Louth Hospitals: Antimicrobial Guidelines: Paediatrics - Sepsis

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Infection Paediatrics - Sepsis: Child ≤ 8 weeks

Excludes neutropenic sepsis

Likely Organisms

Child < 8 weeks (chronological age)

Group B Streptococcus, E. coli, Listeria monocytogenes, N. meningitidis, S. pneumoniae

Empiric Antimicrobial Treatment

For pre-term infants or previous NICU admission, refer patient to Neonatology / Microbiology.

Child < 8 weeks (chronological age)

Cef-O-taxime IV

Plus

Amoxicillin IV

Plus consider (see comments below):

- +/- Gentamicin IV
- +/- Vancomycin IV
- +/- Aciclovir IV

Plus contact Microbiology if recent foreign travel for mother or baby in case of potential for colonisation with resistant organism.

### Add Gentamicin if :

Severe sepsis/ haemodynamically unstable

Requiring inotropes/critical care

Likely resistant organisms e.g., frequent or prolonged hospitalisation; >48 hours following admission; recent foreign travel for mother or baby.

### Add Vancomycin if:

- MRSA positive
- Recent travel outside of Ireland for mother or baby
- Prolonged antibiotics in past 3 months
- Concern about infected prosthetic material e.g. PICC line in-situ.

Add Aciclovir if clinical features of HSV.

Add Clindamycin if suspected staphylococcal/streptococcal toxic shock.

If suspected abdominal source, please see monograph for Paediatric Intra-Abdominal Infections .

### **Duration of Treatment**

Duration depends on source of sepsis.

f cultures are negative and sepsis is not suspected, discontinue antibiotics.

## Comments

- Ensure the correct dose and frequency of antimicrobials is prescribed: see CHI 'Clinibee' Antimicrobial Guidelines app or LH Quick Reference dosing cards.
- Obtain cultures before antibiotics are administered wherever possible: e.g. urine, blood culture, LP.
- Antibiotics should be administered within 1 hour if presenting as a red flag for septic shock and 3 hours if presenting as an amber flag for suspected sepsis.
- Check previous microbiology results to determine if recent antibiotic-resistant organisms have been identified and contact Microbiology for advice.
- The selection of appropriate antibiotic therapy is complex this guideline is not intended to cover all possible scenarios.



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page 1 of 1